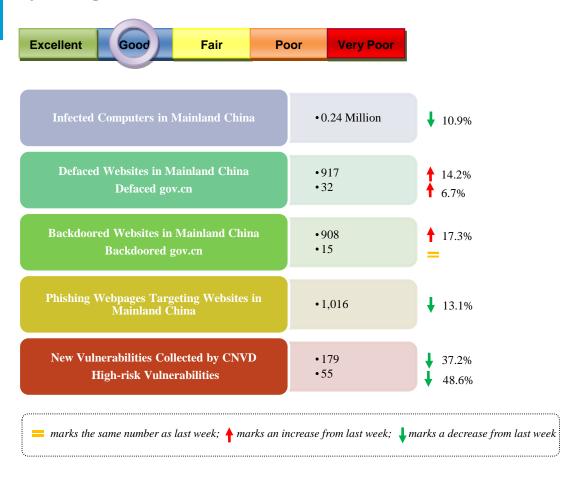
CNCERT/CC

Issue 27 2018 July 2-July 8

Weekly Report of CNCERT

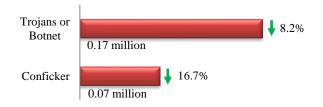


Key Findings

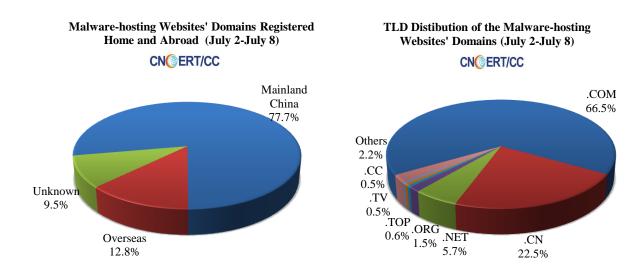


Malware Activities

The infected computers in mainland China amounted to about 0.24 million, among which about 0.17 million were controlled by Trojans or Botnets and about 0.07 million by Confickers.



The malware-hosting websites is the jumping-off place for malware propagation. The malware-hosting websites monitored by CNCERT this week involved 1,904 domains and 100,753 IP addresses. Among the 1,904 malicious domains, 12.8% were registered overseas and 66.5% of their TLDs fell into the category of.com. Among the 100,753 malicious IPs, 31.4% were overseas. Based on our analysis of the malware-hosting website's URLs, the majority of them were accessed via domain names, and only 212 were accessed directly via IPs.



In terms of the malicious domain names and IPs either monitored by CNCERT or sourced from the reporting members, CNCERT has actively coordinated the domain registrars and other related agencies to handle them. Moreover, the blacklist of these malicious domains and IPs has been published on the website of Anti Network-Virus Alliance of China (ANVA).

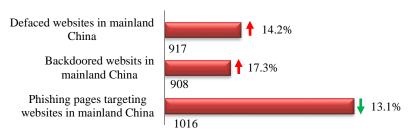
The URL of ANVA for Publishing the Blacklist of Malicious Domains and IPs.

http://www.anva.org.cn/virusAddress/listBlack

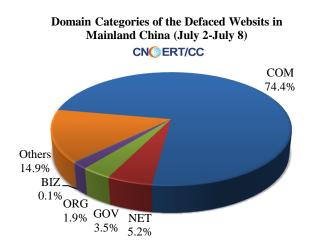
Anti Network-Virus Alliance of China (ANVA) is an industry alliance that was initiated by Network and Information security Committee under Internet Society of China (ISC) and has been operated by CNCERT.

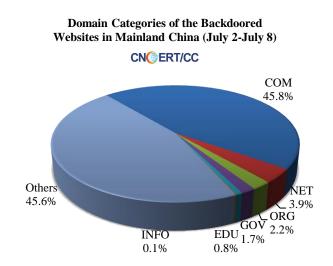
Website Security

This week, CNCERT monitored 917 defaced websites, 908 websites planted with backdoors and 1,016 phishing web pages targeting websites in mainland China.



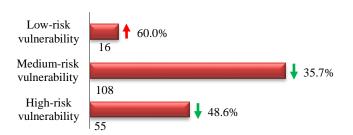
This week, the defaced government (gov.cn) websites totaled 32 (3.5%), an increase of 6.7% from last week. Backdoors were installed into 15 (1.7%) government (gov.cn) websites, which is the same as the amount of last week. The fake domains and IP addresses targeting websites in mainland China reached 410 and 218 respectively, with each IP address loading about 5 phishing web pages on average.



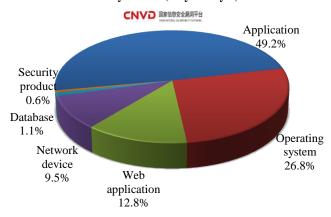


Vulnerabilities

This week, China National Vulnerability Database (CNVD) recorded 179 new vulnerabilities. This week's overall vulnerability severity was evaluated as medium.



Objectives Affected by the Vulnerabilities Collected by CNVD (July 2-July 8)



The Application most was frequently affected by these vulnerabilities collected by CNVD, followed by the Operating system and the Web application.

For more details about the vulnerabilities, please review CNVD Weekly Vulnerability Report.

The URL of CNVD for Publishng Weekly Vulnerability Report

http://www.cnvd.org.cn/webinfo/list?type=4

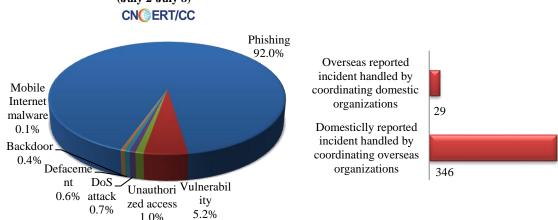
China National Vulnerability Database (CNVD) was established by CNCERT, together with control systems, ISPs, ICPs, network security vendor, software producers and internet enterprises for sharing information on vulnerabilities.

Incident Handling

This week, CNCERT has handled 829 network security incidents, 375 of which were cross-border ones, by coordinating ISPs, domain registrars, mobile phone application stores, branches of CNCERT and our international partners.

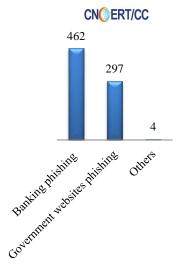
Types of the Incidents Handled by CNCERT (**July 2-July 8**)

1.0%

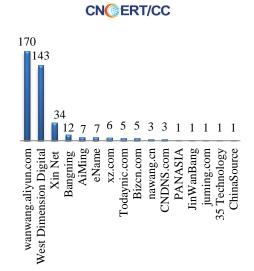


Specifically, CNCERT has coordinated domestic and overseas domain registrars, international CERTs and the other organizations to handle 763 phishing incidents. Based on industries that these phishing targets belong to, there were 462 banking phishing incidents and 297 government websites phishing incidents.

Phishing Incidensts Handled by CNCERT Based on Industries of the Phishing Targets (July 2-July 8)

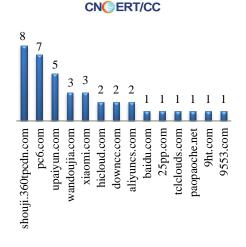


CNCERT Coordinated Domestic to Handle Phishing Incidents (July 2-July 8)



This week, CNCERT has coordinated 14 mobile phone application store and malware-injected domains to handle 38 malicious URL of the mobile malware.

CNCERT Coordinated Mobile Phone Application Stores to Handle Mobile Malware (July 2-July 8)



About CNCERT

The National Computer network Emergency Response Technical Team / Coordination

Center of China (CNCERT or CNCERT/CC) is a non-governmental, non-profitable

organization of network security technical coordination. Since its foundation in Sep.2002,

CNCERT has dedicated to carrying out the work of preventing, detecting, warning and

handling China network security incidents under the policy of "positive prevention, timely

detection, prompt response, guaranteed recovery", to maintain the safety of China public

Internet and ensure the safe operation of the information network infrastructures and the

vital information systems. Branches of CNCERT spread in 31 provinces, autonomous

regions and municipalities in mainland China.

CNCERT is active in developing international cooperation and is a window of network

security incidents handling to the world. As a full member of the famous international

network security cooperative organization FIRST and one of the initiators of APCERT,

CNCERT devotes itself to building a prompt response and coordination handling

mechanism of cross-border network security incidents. By 2017, CNCERT has established

"CNCERT International Partners" relationships with 211 organizations from 72 countries or

regions.

Contact us

Should you have any comments or suggestions on the Weekly Report of CNCERT, please

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